CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Unit	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee(1)
Autocallable Market-Linked Step Up Notes Linked to the Worst of				
Three Financial Sector Stocks, due June 30, 2017	500,000	\$10.00	\$5,000,000.00	\$644.00

⁽¹⁾ Calculated in accordance with Rule 457(r) of the Securities Act of 1933.

Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2)
Registration Statement No. 333-180488
(To Prospectus dated March 30, 2012, Prospectus
Supplement dated March 30, 2012 and Product
Supplement STOCK SUN-3 dated June 20, 2014)

500,000 Units Pricing Date June 24, 2014
\$10 principal amount per unit Settlement Date July 1, 2014
CUSIP No. 06053M302 Maturity Date June 30, 2017

BankofAmerica

Autocallable Market-Linked Step Up Notes Linked to the Worst of Three Financial Sector Stocks

- Maturity of approximately three years if not called prior to maturity
- Automatic call of the notes per unit at \$10 plus the applicable Call Premium (\$2.20 on the first Observation Date, and \$4.40 on
 the second Observation Date) if the price of each Underlying Stock is flat or increases from its Starting Value on the relevant
 Observation Date
- . The Observation Dates will occur approximately one year and two years after the pricing date
- If the notes are not called, at maturity:
 - a return of 48.50% if the price of the Worst Performing Stock is flat or increases up to its Step Up Value
 - a return equal to the percentage increase in the price of the Worst Performing Stock if it increases above its Step Up Value
 - . 1-to-1 downside exposure to decreases in the price of the Worst Performing Stock, with up to 100% of your principal at risk
- All payments are subject to the credit risk of Bank of America Corporation
- · No periodic interest payments
- · Limited secondary market liquidity, with no exchange listing



The notes are being issued by Bank of America Corporation ("BAC"). There are important differences between the notes and a conventional debt security, including different investment risks and certain additional costs. See "Risk Factors" and "Additional Risk Factors" beginning on page TS-7 of this term sheet and "Risk Factors" beginning on page PS-7 of product supplement STOCK SUN-3.

The initial estimated value of the notes as of the pricing date is \$9.42 per unit, which is less than the public offering price listed below. See "Summary" on the following page, "Risk Factors" beginning on page TS-7 of this term sheet and "Structuring the Notes" on page TS-13 of this term sheet for additional information. The actual value of your notes at any time will reflect many factors and cannot be predicted with accuracy.

None of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), any state securities commission, or any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this Note Prospectus (as defined below) is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	Per Unit	Total
Public offering price	\$10.00	\$5,000,000.00
Underwriting discount	\$0.15	\$75,000.00
Proceeds, before expenses, to BAC	\$9.85	\$4,925,000,00

The notes:

Are Not FDIC Insured	Are Not Bank Guaranteed	May Lose Value
----------------------	-------------------------	----------------

Merrill Lynch & Co.

June 24, 2014

Summary

The Autocallable Market-Linked Step Up Notes Linked to the Worst of Three Financial Sector Stocks, due June 30, 2017 (the "notes") are our senior unsecured debt securities. The notes are not guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or secured by collateral. The notes will rank equally with all of our other unsecured and unsubordinated debt. Any payments due on the notes, including any repayment of principal, will be subject to the credit risk of BAC. The notes will be automatically called at the applicable Call Amount if the Observation Level of each of the three financial sector stocks described below (the "Underlying Stocks") is equal to or greater than its Call Level on the relevant Observation Date. If not called, at maturity, the notes provide you with a Step Up Payment if the Ending Value of the Worst Performing Stock is equal to or greater than its Starting Value, but is not greater than its Step Up Value. If the Ending Value of the Worst Performing Stock is greater than its Step Up Value, you will participate on a 1-for-1 basis in the increase in the price of the Worst Performing Stock above its Starting Value. If the Ending Value of the Worst Performing Stock is less than its Starting Value, you will lose all or a portion of the principal amount of your notes. Payments on the notes, including the amount you receive at maturity or upon an automatic call, will be calculated based on the \$10 principal amount per unit and will depend on our credit risk and the performance of the Underlying Stocks. See "Terms of the Notes" below.

The economic terms of the notes (including the Step Up Values and the Step Up Payment) are based on our internal funding rate, which is the rate we would pay to borrow funds through the issuance of market-linked notes and the economic terms of certain related hedging arrangements. Our internal funding rate is typically lower than the rate we would pay when we issue conventional fixed or floating rate debt securities. This difference in funding rate, as well as the underwriting discount and the hedging related charge described below, reduced the economic terms of the notes to you and the initial estimated value of the notes on the pricing date. Due to these factors, the public offering price you pay to purchase the notes is greater than the initial estimated value of the notes.

On the cover page of this term sheet, we have provided the initial estimated value for the notes. This initial estimated value was determined based on our and our affiliates' pricing models, which take into consideration our internal funding rate and the market prices for the hedging arrangements related to the notes. The notes are subject to an automatic call, and the initial estimated value is based on an assumed tenor of the notes. For more information about the initial estimated value and the structuring of the notes, see "Structuring the Notes" on page TS-13.

Terms of the Notes

Issuer:	Bank of America Corporation ("BAC")
Principal Amount:	\$10.00 per unit
Term:	Approximately three years, if not called
Market Measure:	The common stocks of Citigroup Inc. (NYSE symbol: "C"), JPMorgan Chase & Co. (NYSE symbol: "JPM"), and Wells Fargo & Company (NYSE symbol: "WFC") (each, an "Underlying Company")
Worst Performing Stock:	The Underlying Stock with the lowest percentage change from its Starting Value to its Ending Value.
	The "percentage change" of an Underlying Stock means an amount (expressed as a percentage) equal to its:
	Ending Value – Starting Value Starting Value
Automatic Call:	The notes will be automatically called on an Observation Date if the Observation Level of each Underlying Stock is equal to or greater than its Call Level.
Starting Values:	47.81 with respect to C, 57.42 with respect to JPM, and 52.49 with respect to WFC.
Observation Levels:	With respect to each Underlying Stock, its Closing Market Price on the applicable Observation Date, multiplied by its Price Multiplier on that day.
Observation Dates:	June 26, 2015 and June 17, 2016, subject to postponement in the event of Market Disruption Events, as described on page PS-19 of product supplement STOCK SUN-3 and "Other Terms of the Notes" on page TS-9.
Call Levels:	With respect to each Underlying Stock, 100% of its Starting Value.

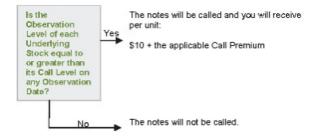
Call Settlement Dates:	Approximately the fifth business day following the applicable Observation Date, subject to postponement if the related Observation Date is postponed, as described on page PS-19 of product supplement STOCK SUN-3.
Call Amounts and Call Premiums:	\$12.20 per unit if called on June 26, 2015 (which represents a Call Premium of 22% of the principal amount), and \$14.40 per unit if called on June 17, 2016 (which represents a Call Premium of 44% of the principal amount).
Ending Values:	With respect to each Underlying Stock, its Closing Market Price on the scheduled calculation day, multiplied by its Price Multiplier on that day. The calculation day is subject to postponement in the event of Market Disruption Events, as described beginning on page PS-21 of product supplement STOCK SUN-3 and "Other Terms of the Notes" on page TS-9.
Step Up Values:	71.00 with respect to C, 85.27 with respect to JPM, and 77.95 with respect to WFC, each of which is 148.50% of its Starting Value, rounded to two decimal places.
Step Up Payment:	\$4.85 per unit, which represents a return of 48.50% over the principal amount.
Threshold Value:	With respect to each Underlying Stock, 100% of its Starting Value.
Calculation Day:	June 23, 2017
Price Multipliers:	With respect to each Underlying Stock, 1, subject to adjustment for certain corporate events relating to that Underlying Stock described beginning on page PS-22 of product supplement STOCK SUN-3.
Fees and Charges:	The underwriting discount of \$0.15 per unit listed on the cover page and the hedging related charge of \$0.075 per unit described in "Structuring the Notes" on page TS-13.
Calculation Agent:	Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated ("MLPF&S"), a subsidiary of BAC.

Linked to the Worst of Three Financial Sector Stocks, due June 30, 2017

Determining Payment on the Notes

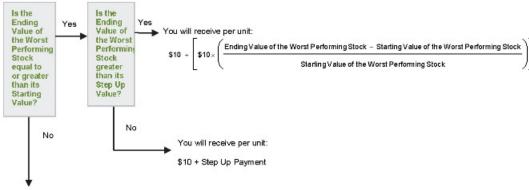
Automatic Call Provision

The notes will be called automatically on an Observation Date if the Observation Level of each Underlying Stock on that Observation Date is equal to or greater than its Call Level. If the notes are called, you will receive \$10 per unit plus the applicable Call Premium.



Redemption Amount Determination

If the notes are not automatically called, on the maturity date, you will receive a cash payment per unit based on the performance of the Worst Performing Stock, determined as follows:



You will receive per unit:

Because the Threshold Value for each Underlying Stock is equal to its Starting Value, you will lose all or a portion of your investment if the Ending Value of any Underlying Stock is less than its Starting Value.

Linked to the Worst of Three Financial Sector Stocks, due June 30, 2017

The terms and risks of the notes are contained in this term sheet and in the following:

- Product supplement STOCK SUN-3 dated June 20, 2014: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/70858/000119312514244037/d746230d424b5.htm
- Series L MTN prospectus supplement dated March 30, 2012 and prospectus dated March 30, 2012: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/70858/000119312512143855/d323958d424b5.htm

These documents (together, the "Note Prospectus") have been filed as part of a registration statement with the SEC, which may, without cost, be accessed on the SEC website as indicated above or obtained from MLPF&S by calling 1-866-500-5408. Before you invest, you should read the Note Prospectus, including this term sheet, for information about us and this offering. Any prior or contemporaneous oral statements and any other written materials you may have received are superseded by the Note Prospectus. Capitalized terms used but not defined in this term sheet have the meanings set forth in product supplement STOCK SUN-3. Unless otherwise indicated or unless the context requires otherwise, all references in this document to "we," "us," "our," or similar references are to BAC.

Investor Considerations

You may wish to consider an investment in the notes if:

- You are willing to receive a return on your investment capped at the applicable Call Premium if the relevant Observation Level of each Underlying Stock is equal to or greater than its Call Level.
- You anticipate that the price of each Underlying Stock will increase from its Starting Value to its Observation Level or Ending Value.
- You are willing to risk a loss of principal and return if the notes are not called and the price of at least one Underlying Stock decreases from its Starting Value to its Ending Value.
- You are willing to forgo the interest payments that are paid on traditional interest bearing debt securities.
- You are willing to forgo dividends or other benefits of owning shares of the Underlying Stocks.
- You are willing to accept a limited market for sales prior to maturity, and understand that the market prices for the notes, if any, will be affected by various factors, including our actual and perceived creditworthiness, our internal funding rate and fees and charges on the notes.
- You are willing to assume our credit risk, as issuer of the notes, for all payments under the notes, including the applicable Call Amount or the Redemption Amount.

The notes may not be an appropriate investment for you if:

- You want to hold your notes for the full term.
- You believe that the price of at least one Underlying Stock will decrease from its Starting Value to its Observation Level or Ending Value.
- You seek principal protection or preservation of capital.
- You seek interest payments or other current income on your investment.
- You want to receive dividends or other distributions paid on the Underlying Stocks.
- You seek an investment for which there will be a liquid secondary market.
- You are unwilling or are unable to take market risk on the notes or to take our credit risk as
 issuer of the notes.

We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting, and other advisors before you invest in the notes.

Linked to the Worst of Three Financial Sector Stocks, due June 30, 2017

Examples of Hypothetical Payments

The following examples are for purposes of illustration only. They are based on hypothetical values and show hypothetical returns on the notes. The actual amount you receive and the resulting return will depend on the actual Starting Value, Threshold Value, Step Up Value, Observation Levels and Ending Value of each Underlying Stock, whether the notes are called on an Observation Date, and whether you hold the notes to maturity. The following examples do not take into account any tax consequences from investing in the notes. These examples are based on:

- 1) a Starting Value of 100.00 for each Underlying Stock;
- 2) a Threshold Value of 100.00 for each Underlying Stock;
- 3) a Step Up Value of 148.50 for each Underlying Stock (148.50% of its Starting Value);
- 4) the term of the notes from July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2017, if the notes are not called on the first or second Observation Dates;
- 5) the Call Premium of 22% of the principal amount if the notes are called on the first Observation Date, and 44% if called on the second Observation Date;
- 6) Observation Dates occurring on June 26, 2015 and June 17, 2016; and
- 7) the Step Up Payment of \$4.85 per unit.

The **hypothetical** Starting Value of 100.00 for each Underlying Stock used in these examples has been chosen for illustrative purposes only. The actual Starting Value is 47.81 with respect to C, 57.42 with respect to JPM, and 52.49 with respect to WFC, each of which was the Closing Market Price of the relevant Underlying Stock on the pricing date. For recent actual prices of the Underlying Stocks, see "The Underlying Stocks" section below. The Ending Value of an Underlying Stock will not include any income generated by dividends paid on that Underlying Stock, which you would otherwise be entitled to receive if you invested in that Underlying Stock directly. In addition, all payments on the notes are subject to issuer credit risk.

TS-5

Linked to the Worst of Three Financial Sector Stocks, due June 30, 2017

Notes Are Called on an Observation Date

The notes will be called at \$10.00 plus the applicable Call Premium on one of the Observation Dates if the Observation Level of each Underlying Stock is equal to or greater than its Call Level

Example 1 – The Observation Level of each Underlying Stock on the first Observation Date is above its Call Level. Therefore, the notes will be called at \$10.00 plus the Call Premium of \$2.20= \$12.20 per unit. After the notes are called, they will no longer remain outstanding and there will not be any further payments on the notes.

Example 2 – On the first Observation Date, although the Observation Level of each of C and WFC is above its Call Level, the Observation Level of JPM is below its Call Level. Therefore, the notes will not be called on the first Observation Date. On the second Observation Date, the Observation Level of each Underlying Stock is above its Call Level. Therefore, the notes will be called at \$10.00 plus the Call Premium of \$4.40 = \$14.40 per unit. After the notes are called, they will no longer remain outstanding and there will not be any further payments on the notes.

Notes Are Not Called on Any Observation Date

Example 3 – The notes are not called on any Observation Date because the Observation Level of at least one Underlying Stock is below its Call Level on each Observation Date. Because the Redemption Amount will be based on the performance of the Worst Performing Stock and the Ending Value of at least one Underlying Stock is less than its Threshold Value, the Redemption Amount will be less, and possibly significantly less, than the principal amount. For example, if WFC is the Worst Performing Stock and its Ending Value is 85.00, the Redemption Amount per unit will be:

$$$10 - \left[$10 \times \left(\frac{100.00 - 85.00}{100.00} \right) \right] = $8.50$$

Summary of the Hypothetical Examples

	Notes Are Called on an Observation Date				Notes Are Not Called on Any Observation Date				
	Example 1		Example 2			Example 3			
	С	JPM	WFC	С	JPM	WFC	С	JPM	WFC
Starting Values	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Call Levels	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Threshold Values	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Observation Levels on the First Observation Date	135.00	125.00	130.00	105.00	90.00	105.00	108.00	90.00	105.00
Observation Levels on the Second Observation Date	N/A	N/A	N/A	130.00	135.00	140.00	110.00	115.00	90.00
Ending Values	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	115.00	120.00	85.00
Returns of the Underlying Stocks	35.00%	25.00%	30.00%	30.00%	35.00%	40.00%	15.00%	20.00%	-15.00%
Return of the Notes	22.00%		44.00%		-15.00%				
Call Amount / Redemption Amount per Unit	\$12.20		\$14.40		\$8.50				

Linked to the Worst of Three Financial Sector Stocks, due June 30, 2017

Risk Factors

There are important differences between the notes and a conventional debt security. An investment in the notes involves significant risks, including those listed below. You should carefully review the more detailed explanation of risks relating to the notes in the "Risk Factors" sections beginning on page PS-7 of product supplement STOCK SUN-3, page S-5 of the MTN prospectus supplement, and page 8 of the prospectus identified above. We also urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting, and other advisors before you invest in the notes.

- Depending on the performance of the Worst Performing Stock as measured shortly before the maturity date, your investment may result in a loss; there is no guaranteed return of principal.
- Your return on the notes may be less than the yield you could earn by owning a conventional fixed or floating rate debt security of comparable maturity.
- Payments on the notes are subject to our credit risk, and actual or perceived changes in our creditworthiness are expected to affect the value of the notes. If we become insolvent or are unable to pay our obligations, you may lose your entire investment.
- If the notes are called, your investment return is limited to the return represented by the applicable Call Premium.
- Your investment return, if any, may be less than a comparable investment directly in the Underlying Stocks.
- The initial estimated value of the notes is an estimate only, determined as of a particular point in time by reference to our and our affiliates' pricing models. These pricing models consider certain assumptions and variables, including our credit spreads, our internal funding rate on the pricing date, mid-market terms on hedging transactions, expectations on interest rates and volatility, price-sensitivity analysis, and the expected term of the notes. These pricing models rely in part on certain forecasts about future events, which may prove to be incorrect.
- The public offering price you pay for the notes exceeds the initial estimated value. If you attempt to sell the notes prior to maturity, their market value may be lower than the price you paid for them and lower than the initial estimated value. This is due to, among other things, changes in the prices of the Underlying Stocks, our internal funding rate, and the inclusion in the public offering price of the underwriting discount and the hedging related charge, all as further described in "Structuring the Notes" on page TS-13. These factors, together with various credit, market and economic factors over the term of the notes, are expected to reduce the price at which you may be able to sell the notes in any secondary market and will affect the value of the notes in complex and unpredictable ways.
- The initial estimated value does not represent a minimum or maximum price at which we, MLPF&S or any of our affiliates would be willing to purchase your notes in any secondary market (if any exists) at any time. The value of your notes at any time after issuance will vary based on many factors that cannot be predicted with accuracy, including the performance of the Underlying Stocks, our creditworthiness and changes in market conditions.
- A trading market is not expected to develop for the notes. Neither we nor MLPF&S is obligated to make a market for, or to repurchase, the notes. There is no assurance that any party will be willing to purchase your notes at any price in any secondary market.
- Our business activities as a full service financial institution, including our commercial and investment banking activities, our hedging and trading activities (including trading in shares of the Underlying Stocks) and any hedging and trading activities we engage in for our clients' accounts, may affect the market value of the notes and their return and may create conflicts of interest with you.
- The Underlying Companies will have no obligations relating to the notes, and neither we nor MLPF&S will perform any due diligence procedures with respect to any Underlying Company in connection with this offering
- You will have no rights of a holder of the Underlying Stocks, and you will not be entitled to receive shares of the Underlying Stocks or dividends or other distributions by any Underlying Company.
- While we or our affiliates may from time to time own securities of the Underlying Companies, we do not control any Underlying Company, and are not responsible for any disclosure made by any Underlying Company.
- The payment on the notes will not be adjusted for all corporate events that could affect the Underlying Stocks. See "Description of the Notes—Anti-Dilution Adjustments" beginning on page PS-22 of product supplement STOCK SUN-3.
- There may be potential conflicts of interest involving the calculation agent. We have the right to appoint and remove the calculation agent.
- The U.S. federal income tax consequences of the notes are uncertain, and may be adverse to a holder of the notes. See "Summary Tax Consequences" below and "U.S. Federal Income Tax Summary" beginning on page PS-32 of product supplement STOCK SUN-3.

Linked to the Worst of Three Financial Sector Stocks, due June 30, 2017

Additional Risk Factors

The notes are subject to the risks of each Underlying Stock, not a basket comprised of the Underlying Stocks, and will be negatively affected if the price of any Underlying Stock decreases from its Starting Value as of any Observation Date or the calculation day, even if the prices of the other Underlying Stocks increase from their respective Starting Values as of those days. You are subject to the risks associated with each Underlying Stock. On any Observation Date, if the Observation Level of any Underlying Stock is less than its Call Level, the notes will not be called, even if the Observation Levels of the other Underlying Stocks are greater than their respective Call Levels. If the notes are not called, the Redemption Amount will be determined only by reference to the Worst Performing Stock, regardless of the performance of the other Underlying Stocks. The notes are not linked to a basket composed of the Underlying Stocks, where the depreciation of one Underlying Stock could be offset to some extent by the appreciation of the other Underlying Stocks. In the case of the notes that we are offering, the individual performance of each Underlying Stock would not be combined, and the depreciation of one Underlying Stock would not be offset by any appreciation of the other Underlying Stocks.

You will not benefit in any way from the performance of the better performing stocks. The return on the notes depends solely on the performance of the worst performing stock (which may or may not be the same Underlying Stock on each Observation Date and the calculation day), and you will not benefit in any way from the performance of the better performing stocks. The notes may underperform a similar investment in each of the Underlying Stocks or a similar alternative investment linked to a basket composed of the Underlying Stocks. In either such case, the performance of the better performing stocks would be blended with the performance of the worst performing stock, resulting in a potentially better return than what you would receive on the notes.

Because the notes are linked to three Underlying Stocks, as opposed to only one, it is more likely that the notes will not be automatically called on an Observation Date; if not called, you may lose all or a portion of your investment. With three Underlying Stocks, it is more likely that one of the Underlying Stocks will close below its Call Level on any Observation Date (and, therefore, the notes will not be automatically called) than if the notes were linked to only one of the Underlying Stocks. If the notes are not called, your return will depend on the Ending Value of the Worst Performing Stock, and you may lose all or a portion, which could be significant, of your investment.

The Underlying Stocks are concentrated in one sector. All of the Underlying Stocks are issued by companies in the financial sector. Although an investment in the notes will not give holders any ownership or other direct interests in the Underlying Stocks, the return on an investment in the notes will be subject to certain risks associated with a direct equity investment in companies in the financial services sector, including those discussed below. Accordingly, by investing in the notes, you will not benefit from the diversification which could result from an investment linked to companies that operate in multiple sectors. In addition, because the Underlying Stocks are concentrated in one sector, their prices may increase or decrease at similar times and by similar magnitudes, and they may perform similarly over the term of the notes. You will be subject to risks relating to the relationship among the Underlying Stocks.

Adverse conditions in the financial sector may reduce your return on the notes. All of the Underlying Stocks are issued by companies whose primary lines of business are directly associated with the financial services sector. The profitability of these companies is largely dependent on the availability and cost of capital funds, and can fluctuate significantly, particularly when market interest rates change. Credit losses resulting from financial difficulties of these companies' customers can negatively impact the sector. In addition, adverse economic, business, or political developments affecting the U.S., including with respect to the insurance sector, or to real estate and loans secured by real estate, could have a major effect on the prices of the Underlying Stocks. As a result of these factors, the value of the notes may be subject to greater volatility and be more adversely affected by economic, political, or regulatory events relating to the financial services sector.

Economic conditions have adversely impacted the stock prices of many companies in the financial services sector, and may do so during the term of the notes. In recent years, economic conditions in the U.S. have resulted, and may continue to result, in significant losses among many companies that operate in the financial services sector. These conditions have also resulted, and may continue to result, in a high degree of volatility in the stock prices of financial institutions, and substantial fluctuations in the profitability of these companies. Numerous financial services companies have experienced substantial decreases in the value of their assets, taken action to raise capital (including the issuance of debt or equity securities), or even ceased operations. Further, companies in the financial services sector have been subject to unprecedented government actions and regulation, which may limit the scope of their operations and, in turn, result in a decrease in value of these companies. Any of these factors may have an adverse impact on the performance of the Underlying Stocks. As a result, the prices of the Underlying Stocks may be adversely affected by economic, political, or regulatory events affecting the financial services sector or one of the sub-sectors of the financial services sector. This in turn could adversely impact the market value of the notes and the payment on the notes.

Linked to the Worst of Three Financial Sector Stocks, due June 30, 2017

Other Terms of the Notes

Market Disruption Events and Other Events

If, for any Underlying Stock (an "Affected Underlying Stock"), a scheduled Observation Date or the scheduled calculation day is not a trading day, or a Market Disruption Event occurs on that day (in either case, such day being a "non-calculation day"), the calculation agent will determine the prices of the Underlying Stocks for that non-calculation day, and as a result, the relevant Observation Level or the Ending Value, as applicable, as follows:

- The Closing Market Price of each Underlying Stock that is not an Affected Underlying Stock will be its Closing Market Price on that non-calculation day; and
- The Closing Market Price of each Underlying Stock that is an Affected Underlying Stock for the applicable non-calculation day will be determined in the same manner as described in the second to last paragraph of subsection "Description of the Notes Automatic Call" or subsection "— The Starting Value, the Observation Level and the Ending Value Ending Value" of the product supplement STOCK SUN-3, as applicable.

Autocallable Market-Linked Step Up Notes

TS-9

The Underlying Stocks

We have derived the following information from publicly available documents. We have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the following information.

Because the Underlying Stocks are registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Underlying Companies are required to file periodically certain financial and other information specified by the SEC. Information provided to or filed with the SEC by the Underlying Companies can be located at the Public Reference Section of the SEC, 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549 or through the SEC's web site at http://www.sec.gov by reference to the applicable CIK number set forth below.

This term sheet relates only to the notes and does not relate to the Underlying Stocks or to any other securities of the Underlying Companies. Neither we nor any of our affiliates have participated or will participate in the preparation of any Underlying Company's publicly available documents. Neither we nor any of our affiliates have made any due diligence inquiry with respect to any Underlying Company in connection with the offering of the notes. Neither we nor any of our affiliates make any representation that the publicly available documents or any other publicly available information regarding any Underlying Company are accurate or complete. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that all events occurring prior to the date of this term sheet, including events that would affect the accuracy or completeness of these publicly available documents that would affect the trading price of an Underlying Stock, have been or will be publicly disclosed. Subsequent disclosure of any events or the disclosure of or failure to disclose material future events concerning an Underlying Company could affect the price of its Underlying Stock and therefore could affect your return on the notes. The selection of the Underlying Stocks is not a recommendation to buy or sell the Underlying Stocks.

The following table shows the quarterly high and low Closing Market Prices of the shares of the Underlying Stocks on their primary exchange from the first quarter of 2008 through the pricing date. We obtained this historical data from Bloomberg L.P. We have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the information obtained from Bloomberg L.P. These historical trading prices may have been adjusted to reflect certain corporate actions such as stock splits and reverse stock splits. This historical data on the Underlying Stocks is not necessarily indicative of their future performance or what the value of the notes may be. Any historical upward or downward trend in the price per share of an Underlying Stock during any period set forth below is not an indication that the price per share of that Underlying Stock is more or less likely to increase or decrease at any time over the term of the notes.

Before investing in the notes, you should consult publicly available sources for the prices and trading pattern of the Underlying Stocks.

Citiaroup Inc.

Citigroup Inc. is a financial services holding company that provides a range of financial services to consumer and corporate customers around the world. The company's services include investment banking, retail brokerage, corporate banking and cash management products and services. This Underlying Stock trades on the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE") under the symbol "C." The company's CIK number is 831001.

		High (\$)	Low (\$)
2008	First Quarter	296.90	186.20
	Second Quarter	268.10	167.60
	Third Quarter	211.20	140.30
	Fourth Quarter	230.00	37.70
2009	First Quarter	74.60	10.20
	Second Quarter	40.20	26.80
	Third Quarter	52.30	25.90
	Fourth Quarter	50.00	32.00
2010	First Quarter	43.10	31.50
	Second Quarter	49.70	36.30
	Third Quarter	43.00	36.60
	Fourth Quarter	48.10	39.50
2011	First Quarter	51.30	43.90
	Second Quarter	46.00	36.81
	Third Quarter	42.88	23.96
	Fourth Quarter	34.17	23.11
2012	First Quarter	38.08	28.17
	Second Quarter	36.87	24.82
	Third Quarter	34.79	25.24
	Fourth Quarter	40.17	32.75
2013	First Quarter	47.60	41.15
	Second Quarter	53.27	42.50
	Third Quarter	53.00	47.67
	Fourth Quarter	53.29	47.67
2014	First Quarter	55.20	46.34
	Second Quarter (through the pricing date)	49.58	45.68

Autocallable Market-Linked Step Up Notes Linked to the Worst of Three Financial Sector Stocks, due June 30, 2017

JPMorgan Chase & Co.

JPMorgan Chase & Co. provides financial services and retail banking. The company provides services such as investment banking, treasury and securities services, asset management, private banking, card member services, commercial banking and home finance. The company serves business enterprises, institutions and individuals. This Underlying Stock trades on the NYSE under the symbol "JPM." The company's CIK number is 19617.

		High (\$)	Low (\$)
2008	First Quarter	48.25	36.48
	Second Quarter	49.25	34.31
	Third Quarter	48.24	31.02
	Fourth Quarter	49.85	22.72
2009	First Quarter	31.35	15.90
	Second Quarter	38.94	27.25
	Third Quarter	46.47	32.27
	Fourth Quarter	47.16	40.27
2010	First Quarter	45.02	37.70
	Second Quarter	47.81	36.61
	Third Quarter	41.64	35.63
	Fourth Quarter	42.67	36.96
2011	First Quarter	48.00	43.40
	Second Quarter	47.64	39.49
	Third Quarter	42.29	29.27
	Fourth Quarter	37.02	28.38
2012	First Quarter	46.27	34.91
	Second Quarter	46.13	31.00
	Third Quarter	41.57	33.90
	Fourth Quarter	44.53	39.29
2013	First Quarter	51.00	44.57
	Second Quarter	55.62	46.64
	Third Quarter	56.67	50.32
	Fourth Quarter	58.48	50.75
2014	First Quarter	61.07	54.31
	Second Quarter (through the pricing date)	60.67	53.31

Autocallable Market-Linked Step Up Notes

TS-11

Autocallable Market-Linked Step Up Notes Linked to the Worst of Three Financial Sector Stocks, due June 30, 2017

Wells Fargo & Company

Wells Fargo & Company is a financial services company providing banking, insurance, investments, mortgage, leasing, credit cards and consumer finance. The company operates through physical stores, the Internet and other distribution channels across North America and elsewhere. This Underlying Stock trades on the NYSE under the symbol "WFC." The company's CIK number is 72971.

		High (\$)	Low (\$)
2008	First Quarter	34.01	25.48
	Second Quarter	31.49	23.75
	Third Quarter	39.80	20.51
	Fourth Quarter	36.70	21.76
2009	First Quarter	30.00	8.12
	Second Quarter	28.18	14.48
	Third Quarter	29.41	22.87
	Fourth Quarter	31.38	25.32
2010	First Quarter	31.22	26.43
	Second Quarter	33.88	25.60
	Third Quarter	28.57	23.25
	Fourth Quarter	31.31	23.59
2011	First Quarter	34.10	31.20
	Second Quarter	32.40	25.36
	Third Quarter	29.38	22.88
	Fourth Quarter	27.80	23.18
2012	First Quarter	34.47	28.43
	Second Quarter	34.51	30.05
	Third Quarter	36.13	32.85
	Fourth Quarter	35.97	31.43
2013	First Quarter	38.20	34.66
	Second Quarter	41.56	36.27
	Third Quarter	44.63	41.08
	Fourth Quarter	45.54	40.24
2014	First Quarter	49.74	44.23
	Second Quarter (through the pricing date)	52.98	47.71

Autocallable Market-Linked Step Up Notes

TS-12

Linked to the Worst of Three Financial Sector Stocks, due June 30, 2017

Supplement to the Plan of Distribution; Conflicts of Interest

Under our distribution agreement with MLPF&S, MLPF&S will purchase the notes from us as principal at the public offering price indicated on the cover of this term sheet, less the indicated underwriting discount.

MLPF&S, a broker-dealer subsidiary of BAC, is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") and will participate as selling agent in the distribution of the notes. Accordingly, offerings of the notes will conform to the requirements of Rule 5121 applicable to FINRA members. MLPF&S may not make sales in this offering to any of its discretionary accounts without the prior written approval of the account holder.

We will deliver the notes against payment therefor in New York, New York on a date that is greater than three business days following the pricing date. Under Rule 15c6-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in three business days, unless the parties to any such trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, purchasers who wish to trade the notes more than three business days prior to the original issue date will be required to specify alternative settlement arrangements to prevent a failed settlement.

The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange. In the original offering of the notes, the notes will be sold in minimum investment amounts of 100 units. If you place an order to purchase the notes, you are consenting to MLPF&S acting as a principal in effecting the transaction for your account.

MLPF&S may repurchase and resell the notes, with repurchases and resales being made at prices related to then-prevailing market prices or at negotiated prices, and these will include MLPF&S's trading commissions and mark-ups. MLPF&S may act as principal or agent in these market-making transactions; however, it is not obligated to engage in any such transactions. At MLPF&S's discretion, for a short, undetermined initial period after the issuance of the notes, MLPF&S may offer to buy the notes in the secondary market at a price that may exceed the initial estimated value of the notes. Any price offered by MLPF&S for the notes will be based on then-prevailing market conditions and other considerations, including the performance of the Underlying Stocks and the remaining term of the notes. However, neither we nor any of our affiliates is obligated to purchase your notes at any price, or at any time, and we cannot assure you that we or any of our affiliates will purchase your notes at a price that equals or exceeds the initial estimated value of the notes.

The value of the notes shown on your account statement will be based on MLPF&S's estimate of the value of the notes if MLPF&S or another of our affiliates were to make a market in the notes, which it is not obligated to do. That estimate will be based upon the price that MLPF&S may pay for the notes in light of then-prevailing market conditions and other considerations, as mentioned above, and will include transaction costs. At certain times, this price may be higher than or lower than the initial estimated value of the notes.

Structuring the Notes

The notes are our debt securities, the return on which is linked to the performance of the Underlying Stocks. As is the case for all of our debt securities, including our market-linked notes, the economic terms of the notes reflect our actual or perceived creditworthiness at the time of pricing. In addition, because market-linked notes result in increased operational, funding and liability management costs to us, we typically borrow the funds under these notes at a rate that is more favorable to us than the rate that we might pay for a conventional fixed or floating rate debt security. This rate, which we refer to in this term sheet as our internal funding rate, is generally lower by an amount that we do not expect to exceed 0.50% per annum (equivalent to not more than \$0.15 per unit). This generally relatively lower internal funding rate, which is reflected in the economic terms of the notes, along with the fees and charges associated with market-linked notes, resulted in the initial estimated value of the notes on the pricing date being less than their public offering price.

Payments on the notes, including the amount you receive at maturity or upon an automatic call, will be calculated based on the \$10 principal amount per unit and will depend on the performance of the Underlying Stocks. In order to meet these payment obligations, at the time we issue the notes, we may choose to enter into certain hedging arrangements (which may include call options, put options or other derivatives) with MLPF&S or one of its affiliates. The terms of these hedging arrangements are determined by seeking bids from market participants, including MLPF&S and its affiliates, and take into account a number of factors, including our creditworthiness, interest rate movements, the volatility of each Underlying Stock, the tenor of the notes and the tenor of the hedging arrangements. The economic terms of the notes and their initial estimated value depend in part on the terms of these hedging arrangements.

MLPF&S has advised us that the hedging arrangements will include a hedging related charge of approximately \$0.075 per unit, reflecting an estimated profit to be credited to MLPF&S from these transactions. Since hedging entails risk and may be influenced by unpredictable market forces, additional profits and losses from these hedging arrangements may be realized by MLPF&S or any third party hedge providers.

For further information, see "Risk Factors — General Risks Relating to the Notes" beginning on page PS-7 and "Use of Proceeds" on page PS-16 of product supplement STOCK SUN-3.

Linked to the Worst of Three Financial Sector Stocks, due June 30, 2017

Summary Tax Consequences

You should consider the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the notes, including the following

- There is no statutory, judicial, or administrative authority directly addressing the characterization of the notes.
- You agree with us (in the absence of an administrative determination, or judicial ruling to the contrary) to characterize and treat the notes for all tax purposes as a callable single financial contract with respect to the Underlying Stocks.
- Under this characterization and tax treatment of the notes, a U.S. Holder (as defined beginning on page 62 of the prospectus) generally will recognize capital gain or loss upon maturity or upon a sale, exchange, or redemption of the notes prior to maturity. This capital gain or loss generally will be long-term capital gain or loss if you held the notes for more than one year.
- No assurance can be given that the IRS or any court will agree with this characterization and tax treatment.

You should consult your own tax advisor concerning the U.S. federal income tax consequences to you of acquiring, owning, and disposing of the notes, as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local, foreign, or other tax jurisdiction and the possible effects of changes in U.S. federal or other tax laws. You should review carefully the discussion under the section entitled "U.S. Federal Income Tax Summary" beginning on page PS-32 of product supplement STOCK SUN-3.

Validity of the Notes

In the opinion of McGuireWoods LLP, as counsel to BAC, when the trustee has made an appropriate entry on Schedule 1 to the Master Registered Global Senior Note, dated March 30, 2012 (the "Master Note") identifying the notes offered hereby as supplemental obligations thereunder in accordance with the instructions of BAC, and the notes have been delivered against payment therefor as contemplated in this Note Prospectus, all in accordance with the provisions of the Senior Indenture, such notes will be legal, valid and binding obligations of BAC, subject to applicable bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency, moratorium, fraudulent conveyance or other similar laws affecting the rights of creditors now or hereafter in effect, and to equitable principles that may limit the right to specific enforcement of remedies, and further subject to 12 U.S.C. §1818(b)(6)(D) (or any successor statute) and any bank regulatory powers now or hereafter in effect and to the application of principles of public policy. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and is limited to the federal laws of the United States, the laws of the State of New York and the Delaware General Corporation Law (including the statutory provisions, all applicable provisions of the Delaware Constitution and reported judicial decisions interpreting the foregoing). In addition, this opinion is subject to the assumption that the trustee's certificate of authentication of the Master Note has been manually signed by one of the trustee's authorized officers and to customary assumptions about the trustee's authorization, execution and delivery of the Senior Indenture, the validity, binding nature and enforceability of the Senior Indenture with respect to the trustee, the legal capacity of natural persons, the genuineness of signatures, the authenticity of all documents submitted to McGuireWoods LLP as photocopies thereof, the authenticity of the originals of such copies and certain factual matters, all as stated in the letter of McGuireWoods LLP dated March 30, 2012,

Where You Can Find More Information

We have filed a registration statement (including a product supplement, a prospectus supplement, and a prospectus) with the SEC for the offering to which this term sheet relates. Before you invest, you should read the Note Prospectus, including this term sheet, and the other documents that we have filed with the SEC, for more complete information about us and this offering. You may get these documents without cost by visiting EDGAR on the SEC website at www.sec.gov. Alternatively, we, any agent, or any dealer participating in this offering will arrange to send you these documents if you so request by calling MLPF&S toll-free at 1-866-500-5408.

Market-Linked Investments Classification



MLPF&S classifies certain market-linked investments (the "Market-Linked Investments") into categories, each with different investment characteristics. The following description is meant solely for informational purposes and is not intended to represent any particular Enhanced Return Market-Linked Investment or guarantee any performance.

Enhanced Return Market-Linked Investments are short- to medium-term investments that offer you a way to enhance exposure to a particular market view without taking on a similarly enhanced level of market downside risk. They can be especially effective in a flat to moderately positive market (or, in the case of bearish investments, a flat to moderately negative market). In exchange for the potential to receive better-than market returns on the linked asset, you must generally accept market downside risk and capped upside potential. As these investments are not market downside protected, and do not assure full repayment of principal at maturity, you need to be prepared for the possibility that you may lose all or part of your investment.